

Preserving America's Heritage

**ADVISORY COUNCIL ON HISTORIC PRESERVATION
BUDGET ESTIMATE
FY 2019**

September 2017

An independent federal agency, the ACHP promotes the preservation, enhancement, and sustainable use of our nation's diverse historic resources and advises the President and Congress on national historic preservation policy. It also provides a forum for influencing federal activities, programs, and policies that affect historic properties. The ACHP promotes historic preservation to foster the understanding of the nation's heritage and the contribution that historic preservation can make to contemporary communities and their economic and social well-being.

Milford Wayne Donaldson, of Sacramento, California, is chairman of the 24-member council, which is served by a professional staff with offices in Washington, D.C. For more information about the ACHP, contact:

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ADVISORY COUNCIL ON HISTORIC PRESERVATION BUDGET ESTIMATE, FY 2019

FY 2019 Request

The Advisory Council on Historic Preservation requests
\$6,858,000 and 37 FTE

SUMMARY

FY 2019 Summary

The Advisory Council on Historic Preservation (ACHP) will:

- Promote historic preservation as a strategy for addressing national infrastructure improvement goals identified and advanced by the Administration and Congress;
- Participate in the emergency response to and longer range recovery from natural disasters, in particular the aftermath of Hurricanes Harvey (August 2017), Irma, José, and Maria (all three September 2017);
- Provide timely expert advice to the President, the Congress, and the executive branch on other national economic, energy, community development, resource management, and environmental policies and priorities;
- Manage the federal historic preservation review and consultation process under Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) in an effective and efficient manner that fully engages stakeholders and the public to find creative solutions to conflicts between preservation and other needs;
- Promote and implement recommendations for improving the national historic preservation program identified in 2016 during the 50th anniversary of the National Historic Preservation Act;
- Work with partners to raise awareness about the importance of historic preservation, promote the value and relevance of cultural heritage and the benefits of historic preservation in contemporary society, and strive to build a more inclusive preservation program that embraces all citizens and their diverse ethnicities, cultural backgrounds, and experiences; and
- Provide the training, guidance, information, and other tools necessary to address these needs.

This request for FY 2019 represents an increase of \$365,000 from the FY 2017 appropriation of \$6,493,000, and \$458,000 above the initial FY 2018 figure of \$6,400,000 (approximately 7%). The requested increase is to address additional critical information technology and cyber security needs related to implementation of Executive Order 13800, “Strengthening the Cybersecurity of Federal Networks And Critical Infrastructure,” the initiation of phased replacement of end-of-life computer equipment, and support for additional e106 and online training development and management related to ACHP participation in the Federal Permitting Improvement Steering Council (FPISC). The increased amount would also include the estimated government-wide 1.9 percent pay raise effective January 2018 of \$71,000.

The request continues FY2018 funding to support the full-time Chairman position at Executive Level V created under the National Park Service Centennial Act (P.L. 114-289) enacted in December 2016. Other staffing will be maintained at existing levels.

The budget request includes no other additional funds for new program activity. However, when a new full-time Chairman assumes office, it is possible that the ACHP will propose other program activities for which funds may be sought. If this occurs, the ACHP will discuss possible amendments to this request with OMB. The ACHP will develop a new Six-Year Strategic Plan under the leadership of the new Chairman when that position is filled.

FY 2019 Direction and Request

Historic preservation contributes significantly to employment opportunity, enhanced investment, and economic vitality throughout the nation. Encouraging the use of historic preservation tools to promote job creation, infrastructure improvement, neighborhood revitalization, rural development, heritage tourism, and community sustainability and resilience and to balance energy development and transmission needs with protection of significant historic resources will continue to be priority activities for FY 2019.

Developing efficiencies for the Section 106 review of federal and federally assisted projects and improving environmental reviews for infrastructure projects and other critical development through continuing better coordination among Section 106, the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), and other environmental statutes will be high priorities. Likewise ongoing efforts to address federal agency mandates to reduce the federal real property footprint and engagement with Indian tribes and Native Hawaiian organizations (NHOs) will continue to be significant goals in the ACHP's work. Training remains a high priority, as an investment in raising the skill levels of federal officials and other stakeholders pays significant dividends in facilitating project delivery. The ACHP will pursue its distance learning and training, guidance, and assistance priorities through electronic media and use other cost-effective ways to meet the needs of its customers, partners, and the American public. The ACHP will improve and enhance its web capabilities to support effective communication between the agency and stakeholders as well as with the public.

Since 2012, the ACHP has played an important role in Administration efforts on improving the delivery of infrastructure projects, providing policy recommendations and guidance as a member of the Steering Committee that implemented the requirements of Executive Order 13604, "Improving Performance of Federal Permitting and Review of Infrastructure Projects," and now as a member of the Federal Permitting Improvement Steering Council (FPISC) established by Title 41 of the Fixing America's Surface Transportation Act of 2015. The ACHP will continue to advance FPISC goals by developing Section 106 program improvements, tracking and expediting environmental reviews for high priority infrastructure projects listed on the FPISC dashboard, and promoting use of the handbook on NEPA and NHPA integration jointly issued by CEQ and ACHP

(http://www.achp.gov/docs/NEPA_NHPA_Section_106_Handbook_March2013.pdf).

Engaging Indian tribes and Native Hawaiian organizations in the Section 106 process has taken on much greater importance in recent years, as large energy and infrastructure development projects impact traditional cultural properties on an unprecedented scale. ACHP initiatives focused on improving tribal consultation in infrastructure projects will advance Administration goals to improve environmental reviews of such projects. Following up on the joint report by the Departments of the Interior, Army, and Justice on "Improving Tribal Consultation and Tribal Involvement in Federal Infrastructure Decisions," the ACHP issued its own report in May 2017 recommending measures on "Improving Tribal Consultation in Infrastructure Projects." The recommendations offer significant efficiencies and program

improvements relating to Section 106 reviews

(http://www.achp.gov/docs/NEPA_NHPA_Section_106_Handbook_Mar2013.pdf), while promising to enhance federal consultation with Indian tribes. In FY 2018, the ACHP began offering training and developing guidance for federal agencies and applicants on how to work more effectively with Indian tribes in the Section 106 process and will continue those efforts in FY 2019.

The ACHP also issued in September 2015 a Section 106 toolkit for applicants for federal assistance and permits (<http://www.achp.gov/apptoolkit.html>) and recently launched an on-demand training course for applicants for federal permits and assistance. The ACHP will continue these and other efforts in FY 2019 to better inform applicants and integrate them into the Section 106 review process. The ACHP will work on advancing Section 106 program alternatives on infrastructure and related initiatives, including implementing its recently issued program comment on telecommunication projects on federal lands and property, implementing a congressionally-mandated exemption for rail and transit corridors to be issued early in 2018, and seeking programmatic efficiencies for the deployment of 5g technologies.

Training is a critical component of improving the efficiency of the federal historic preservation review process. The ACHP will continue to expand its training efforts in FY 2019, primarily in the distance learning area, recognizing that existing budget and travel restrictions in other agencies limit participation in the ACHP's publicly available onsite training opportunities. At the same time there has been an increase in requests for special, tailored onsite courses from individual agencies. The ACHP anticipates carrying out more of those in FY 2019. Distance learning remains a priority and is lower in overall cost to both the ACHP and participants, although it does require some up-front development costs. Introduced in FY 2013, the ACHP's web-based training continues to grow in popularity, and is anticipated to reach 1,000 participants in FY 2018 and an even larger number in FY 2019. In late FY 2017, the ACHP launched its on-demand training platform and anticipates reaching a broader constituency that may desire to avoid the travel and cost of onsite training. Further investments in developing more on-demand courses and keeping pace with technological developments will be necessary in FY 2019.

The foregoing efforts will support the goals of Executive Order 13807, "Establishing Discipline and Accountability in the Environmental Review and Permitting Process for Infrastructure Projects," which includes an important role for the ACHP, along with other FPISC members, in reducing timelines for environmental reviews and advancing one federal decision for infrastructure projects.

The ACHP will also advise the Administration and the Congress on legislative, regulatory, and administrative policies that affect or enhance historic preservation interests. The agency will offer its expertise on strategies to effectively combine preservation and heritage with other national goals and cooperate in the joint development and implementation of such initiatives. In those efforts the ACHP will be guided by its established goal of supporting a preservation program that is more inclusive and responsive to the public, expanding its use of social media to connect with an increasingly diverse and technologically sophisticated constituency.

The ACHP has been pursuing a number of policy initiatives to address important national preservation issues, including disaster preparedness and recovery, urban revitalization, and broadening public engagement in the national historic preservation program. Natural disasters often cause significant damage to historic resources, and how federal response, recovery, and preparedness actions are planned and conducted is a significant factor in minimizing and mitigating such impacts. In the wake of Hurricane Sandy in October 2012, the Sandy Recovery Improvement Act (SRIA) of 2013 directed the President to establish an expedited and unified interagency federal review process. A steering committee comprising CEQ, the Department of Homeland Security, the Federal Emergency Management Agency, and the ACHP developed the process in accordance with SRIA, and now coordinates with a broader group of federal agencies to improve the delivery of post-disaster recovery assistance. This unified federal review

process will expedite approvals and release of federal funding to applicants as they recover from disasters and emergency situations, such as the most recent Hurricanes Harvey, Irma, José, and Maria. It is anticipated that natural disasters will continue to present historic preservation challenges, and the ACHP will likewise continue to seek effective ways to address those issues.

Other national policy areas will be on the ACHP's agenda. The ACHP will continue to follow up on its recommendations for program improvement that have emerged from its policy review of the National Historic Preservation Program conducted as part of the 50th anniversary of the National Historic Preservation Act in 2016 (www.achp.gov/docs/Preservation50FinalReport.pdf). These recommendations span the range of challenges and opportunities before the national program and offer a variety of short- and long-term actions that can help fulfill the promise of the NHPA.

The ACHP will continue to promote historic preservation as a tool for community revitalization, economic development, and public education. The agency will support the Preserve America program, which currently includes 906 Preserve America Communities and 58 Preserve America Stewards, to encourage local governments and citizens to appreciate and use their historic resources to promote heritage tourism, enhance community cohesiveness, and guide future development. In November 2017, the ACHP completed a multi-year study on legacy cities and urban rightsizing, and issued a policy statement on "Historic Preservation and Community Revitalization." Efforts to encourage the use of the policy statement will continue in FY2019.

In fulfillment of its statutory charge to promote public interest and engagement in historic preservation, the ACHP will continue its efforts to build a more inclusive preservation program. Much of the ACHP's recent work has focused on youth engagement, and that will continue in FY 2019. A focus area is the encouragement of preservation crafts training, and the ACHP recently initiated discussions with the Department of Labor on that topic. The ACHP has made special efforts in Indian Country. Its Native Youth program introduces Native young people to historic preservation as a way to protect their cultural heritage and as a potential career path in order to build tribal historic preservation capacities. The ACHP has hosted roundtable discussions, offered preservation lectures to Native college students, hosted field visits, and launched a Facebook page about Native preservation. This is part of the ACHP's long-standing general policy and program commitment to engage the next generation of preservationists and foster a preservation ethic among young people. This work will continue in FY2019 with increased emphasis on encouraging federal programs to support career development in the preservation field.

Information technology has assumed an increasingly prominent role in the ACHP's work and requires continued investment to meet cybersecurity challenges and provide the necessary tools to carry out program activities. Providing online access to information and technical assistance assumes increasing importance when trying to reach more diverse audiences efficiently and cost-effectively. The ACHP's online efforts, including the website, e-communications, and social media platforms, provide many benefits for the public, federal partners, and the agency. The ACHP recognizes the importance of a broad range of strategies for communication and is aware that online communication and social media allow it to create more transparent government while increasing reach and reducing printing and distribution costs. Requested funding will also assist the ACHP in continuing to upgrade its website with interactive capabilities as well as a platform to support "e-106," an electronic communication and case management system for Section 106. The major website overhaul will be completed in FY 2018, so the estimate for FY 2019 recognizes the need for only modest additional funds to facilitate use and maintenance of the website with a staff-dependent content management system.

The FY 2019 estimate seeks \$387,000 for improvements to the ACHP's information technology infrastructure. The FY2017 budget provided funding to begin to address critical cybersecurity needs that had been identified in 2015. The funds supported initial implementation of the National Institute of

Standards and Technology (NIST) Cybersecurity Framework, which had been planned prior to the May 2017 issuance of Executive Order 13800, “Strengthening the Cybersecurity of Federal Networks and Critical Infrastructure”. This work allowed the agency to begin to make progress on the requirements of Executive Order 13800 as part of the implementation of the agency risk management framework, but no additional funds had been sought in FY 2018 for this purpose

The ACHP July 2017 Federal Information Security Management Act (FISMA) & Risk Management Report submissions and the subsequent E.O.13800 Cybersecurity Risk Management Assessment identified three “High Risk” and two “At Risk” ratings for the ACHP. The five identified vulnerabilities included “Identify,” “Protect,” “Detect,” “Respond,” and “Recover,” and all five of these areas are being actively targeted for improvement with such funds as may be available in FY 2018. Those efforts will continue into FY 2019. Based on the recent assessments and anticipated FY 2018 funding levels, \$302,000 will be needed in FY 2019 to improve agency cybersecurity capabilities and make the improvements necessary to raise the risk assessment ratings. Alternatively, the agency is open to assistance for the Executive Order implementation through a shared services cybersecurity model, depending

The FY 2017 funds were utilized for the following areas of the cybersecurity risk management framework activities:

- Began implementation of tools for events aggregation, detection, to detect anomalous events in a timely manner, provide correlation of events and incident alerts;
- Began implementation of security continuous monitoring capabilities to detect network cybersecurity events, malicious code, and unauthorized access;
- Began implementation of capabilities to scan and protect agency systems by reducing attack surfaces using risk assessment and asset vulnerability management tools; and
- Began improving incident response capabilities by implementing incident detection, mitigation, and investigation tools.

The following would be implemented in FY 2019 with the requested funds:

- Address the capability gaps identified in the E.O. 13800 Cybersecurity Risk Management Assessment.
- Reduce operational risks by implementing new asset management and business management capabilities by automating inventory of systems, software platforms, applications and patching.
- Implement protective technologies for physical, logical access, privileged accounts, communications and networks.
- Provide control and recovery from cybersecurity incidents utilizing protection tools and off-site backup.
- Acquire required technologies and services to improve agency cybersecurity capabilities to effectively incorporate government-wide cybersecurity-related shared services for proactive cyber defense and continuous monitoring.
- Add cybersecurity human capital skills by adding staff training and contracted resources.

For FY 2019 there are also anticipated capital expenditures for managing and addressing the lifecycle of IT systems hardware. By mid-2019 the end of systems life cycle for networking, storage, and computing (5 years old) will be reached, and it will far exceed the standard for desktop systems (13 years old). While the ACHP anticipates distributing these expenses over a multi-year year period, an initial amount of \$40,000 is requested to begin this replacement. The funds will be used to address the most urgent replacement of the legacy desktop equipment, and start a phased replacement of storage, computing, and

network resources. The remaining funds will be sought in subsequent fiscal years. (This will ultimately require a projected capital investment of \$420,000 to complete a one-for-one replacement of the end of life equipment. The current systems that will reach end of life in FY 2019 and ensuing years were provided by GSA as part of the ACHP headquarters relocation in FY 2014.)

The agency's Section 106 case tracking and training support system (cloud-based software) also requires development support to implement improvements in e106 case management and training services. These improvements are directly connected to the ACHP's fulfillment of its responsibilities under the Administration's infrastructure initiative and the FPISC. For the required software development support, an estimated \$45,000 is being sought. These resources will allow effective implementation of e106 and process improvements for infrastructure and environmental reviews made as part of our agency FPISC involvement and plan.

Budgetary History

The FY 2017 appropriation for the ACHP was \$6,493,000. Figure 1 shows the recent funding background for comparison.

Figure 1. Budgetary History, FY 2016-FY 2019
(in thousands of dollars)

	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
President's Budget	6,080	6,493	6,400	6,858
Initial Appropriation		--	--	
Appropriation Adjustment	--	--	--	
Budget Authority	6,080	6,493	6,400	
FTEs	36	36	37	37

Budget Request

Figure 2. Appropriation and Authorization Language

<p style="text-align: center;">Appropriation Language</p> <p style="text-align: center;">ADVISORY COUNCIL ON HISTORIC PRESERVATION SALARIES AND EXPENSES</p> <p>For necessary expenses of the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation (Public Law 89-665, as amended), [\$6,493,000*] \$6,858,000</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>* Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2017 [Public Law 115-31]</i></p>
<p style="text-align: center;">Authorization Language</p> <p style="text-align: center;">There are authorized to be such amounts as may be necessary to carry out this title.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>National Historic Preservation Act Amendments Act of 2006 [Public Law 109-453]</i></p>

PROGRAM STRUCTURE

Mission and Authorities

The ACHP was established by Title II of the NHPA (54 U.S.C. §300101 et seq.). The NHPA charges the ACHP with advising the President and the Congress on historic preservation matters and entrusts the ACHP with the unique mission of advancing historic preservation within the federal government and being a leader in the national historic preservation program. Since FY 2011, the ACHP has been guided by the following mission statement:

The Advisory Council on Historic Preservation promotes the preservation, enhancement, and sustainable use of our nation's diverse historic resources, and advises the President and the Congress on national historic preservation policy.

The ACHP's authority and responsibilities are principally derived from the NHPA. General duties of the ACHP are detailed in Section 202 (54 U.S.C. §304102) and include the following:

- Advising the President and the Congress on matters relating to historic preservation;
- Encouraging public interest and participation in historic preservation;
- Recommending policy and tax studies as they affect historic preservation;
- Advising state and local governments on historic preservation legislation;
- Encouraging training and education in historic preservation;
- Reviewing federal policies and programs and recommending improvements; and
- Informing and educating others about the ACHP's activities.

Under Section 106 of the NHPA, the ACHP reviews federal actions affecting historic properties to ensure historic preservation needs are balanced with federal project requirements. The ACHP achieves this

balance through the Section 106 review process, which applies whenever a federal action has the potential to impact historic properties.

ACHP Membership

The ACHP has 24 statutorily designated members, including the chairman who heads the agency, and a number of observers who have been invited to participate in the work of the ACHP (See Figure 5). In 2016 Congress enacted the National Park Service Centennial Act (P.L. 114-289), which authorized conversion of the part-time position of the chairman to a full-time, Senate-confirmed one, commensurate with the ACHP's authorities and program responsibilities. This legislation also extended formal membership to the General Chairman of the National Association of Tribal Historic Preservation Officers (NATHPO). The additional costs of supporting this member are being absorbed.

The ACHP members address policy issues, direct program initiatives, and make recommendations regarding historic preservation to the President, Congress, and heads of other federal agencies. Council members pursue ACHP activities both collectively and individually. The membership is organized into an Executive Committee and four program committees: Federal Agency Programs; Native American Affairs; Preservation Initiatives; and Communications, Education, and Outreach. Member task forces and committees are also formed to pursue specific needs such as policy development or regulatory reform oversight.

ACHP Staff

ACHP staff members, housed in Washington, D.C., carry out the day-to-day work of the ACHP and provide all support services for council members. In addition to its permanent staff, the ACHP maintains five interagency liaison positions funded by the Federal Highway Administration, the Bureau of Land Management, the General Services Administration, the Department of Veterans Affairs, and the Natural Resources Conservation Service. The executive director supervises all staff components.

Figure 3. Staff Organization (Actual) and Proposed, FY 2016-2019

Function	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Chairman			1	1
Executive Director	1	1	1	1
Office of Native American Affairs	3	3	3	3
Office of General Counsel	2	2	2	2
Office of Administration	7	7	4	4
Office of Information Technology			3	3
Office of Preservation Initiatives	3	3	3	3
Office of Federal Agency Programs	16	16	16	16
Office of Communications, Education, and Outreach	4	4	4	4
TOTAL	36	36	37	37

The **Chairman** is the head of the agency, appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate.

The **Executive Director** has senior management responsibility for all staff organizational units and reports to the chairman.

The **Office of General Counsel** provides legal advice and analyses, reviews and manages Freedom of Information Act requests, and oversees the agency ethics program.

The **Office of Native American Affairs** advises the ACHP leadership and staff on policy and program matters related to Native American issues, and offers technical assistance and outreach for tribal and NHO consultation under the Section 106 review process.

The **Office of Preservation Initiatives** analyzes legislation, develops policy recommendations, oversees special studies and reports, and implements programs related to national preservation benefits such as community development, economic impacts, sustainability, and tourism. It oversees the Preserve America program.

The **Office of Federal Agency Programs** participates in Section 106 reviews, develops and implements program improvement initiatives, provides technical assistance and guidance for Section 106 users, and works to improve federal agency and stakeholder understanding of Section 106. It also oversees implementation of Section 3 of Executive Order 13287, “Preserve America,” and develops and administers the ACHP’s training program, including delivery of the onsite courses, webinars, and distance learning initiatives.

The **Office of Communications, Education, and Outreach** creates and conveys the ACHP’s message to partners, stakeholders, and the general public via print and electronic media, meets information requests from citizens and Congress, handles media relations, and manages ACHP outreach, awards, and publications.

The **Office of Administration** oversees a full range of administrative, personnel, procurement, space planning, budget, and fiscal services and coordinates related services provided by the Department of the Interior (DOI) and GSA on a reimbursable basis. The office also provides administrative and clerical support to ACHP leadership and the executive director. In FY 2017 the director of the office retired and his position was converted into a lower-graded human resources staff position. The existing budget officer assumed supervisory responsibilities.

The **Office of Information Technology** manages ACHP’s information technology services, infrastructure, and cybersecurity operations supporting ACHP staff and clients in the conduct of agency programs. As part of technology services delivery, OIT promotes innovative uses of technology and provides enterprise applications and web services supporting key agency activities. OIT provides the daily operations of the agency data center, cloud infrastructure, network, telecommunications, and information security. With the retirement of the director of the Office of Administration, OIT became a separate unit under the supervision of the Chief Information Officer.

Figure 4. Expenditures by Object (in thousands of dollars)

		FY 2017 Actual	FY 2018 Enacted	FY 2019 Request	FY 2019 Change from FY 2018
11/12	Salary/Benefits	5,175	5,019	5,090	71
21	Travel	116	132	132	0
22/23	Freight, Rent, Communications, Utilities	609	628	628	0
24	Printing	8	4	4	0
25	Contract Services	580	607	954	347
26	Supplies	5	8	8	0
31	Equipment	0	2	42	40
	TOTAL	6,493	6,400	6,858	458
	FTEs	36	37	37	0

**Figure 5. Members, Advisory Council on Historic Preservation
(September 2017)**

Chairman

Milford Wayne Donaldson, FAIA (California)

Vice Chairman

Leonard A. Forsman (Washington)

Expert Members

Terry Guen, FASLA (Illinois)

Dorothy T. Lippert, Ph.D. (Washington, D.C.)

Luis Hoyos (California)

Robert G. Stanton (Virginia)

General Public Members

Bradford J. White (Illinois)

Jordan Tannenbaum (Virginia)

Native American Member

Reno Franklin (California)

Governor

Vacant

Mayor

Vacant

Architect of the Capitol

Hon. Stephen T. Ayers, FAIA

Secretary, Department of Agriculture

Hon. Sonny Perdue

Secretary, Department of Defense

Hon. James N. Mattis

Secretary, Department of Education

Hon. Elizabeth Prince DeVos

Secretary, Department of Homeland Security

Elaine Duke, Acting

**Secretary, Department of Housing and
Urban Development**

Hon. Benjamin S. Carson, M.D.

Secretary, Department of the Interior

Hon. Ryan Zinke

Secretary, Department of Transportation

Hon. Elaine L. Chao

Secretary, Department of Veterans Affairs

Hon. David J. Shulkin, M.D.

Administrator, General Services

Administration

Timothy O. Horne, Acting

**Chairman, National Trust for Historic
Preservation**

Marita Rivero (Massachusetts)

**President, National Conference of State
Historic Preservation Officers**

Mark Wolfe (Texas)

**General Chair, National Association of
Tribal Historic Preservation Officers**

Janine (Bowe chop) Ledford (Washington)

Observers:

Secretary, Department of Energy

Hon. James Richard Perry

**Administrator, Environmental Protection
Agency**

Hon. E. Scott Pruitt

Chair, Council on Environmental Quality

Mary Neumayr, Acting

**Chair, National Alliance of Preservation
Commissions**

Matthew Halitsky (Idaho)

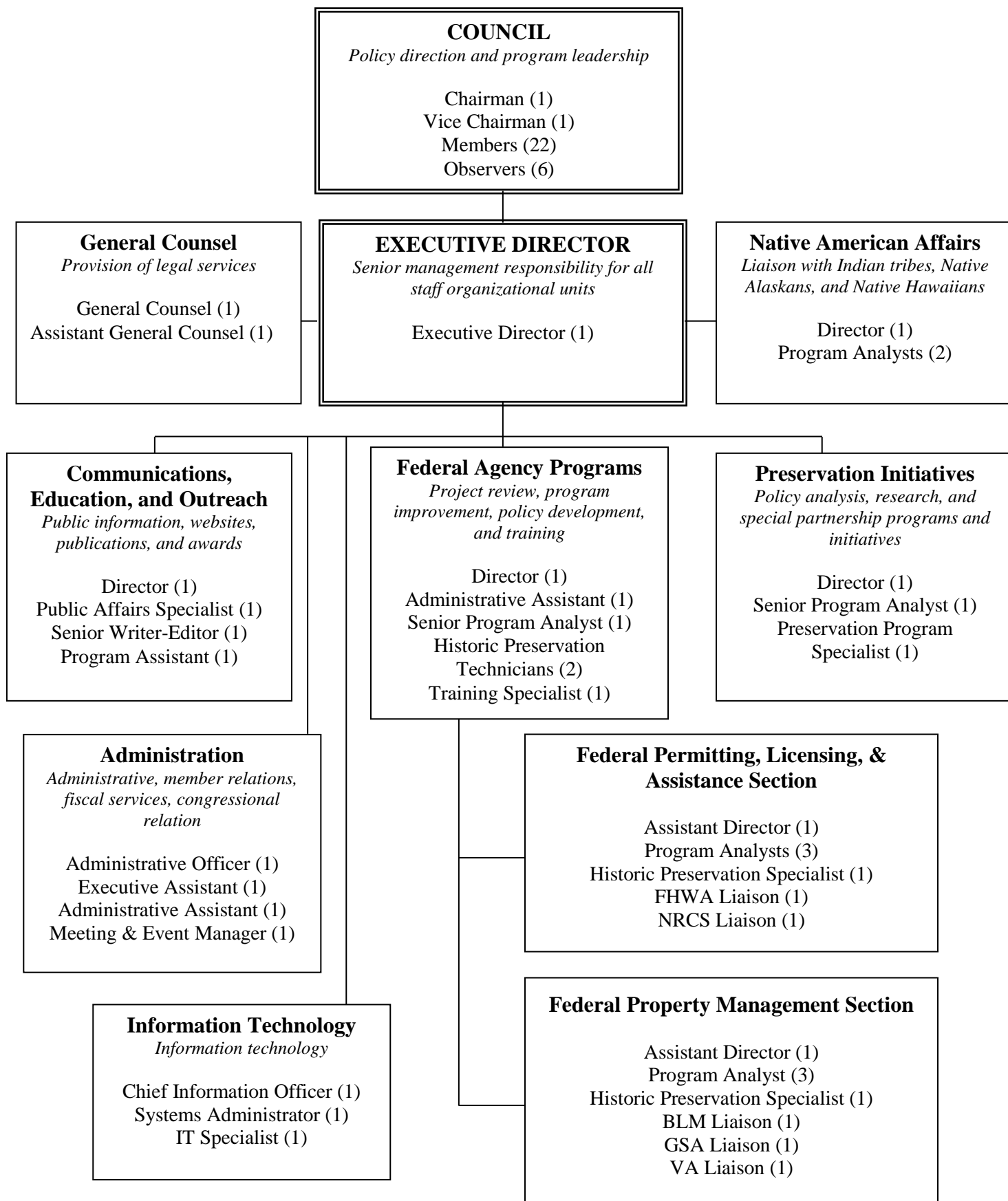
Joseph P. Riley Jr.

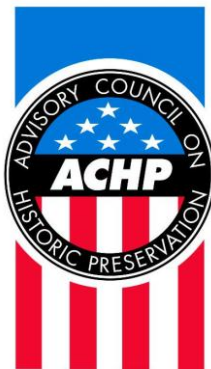
Charleston, South Carolina

ACHP Alumni Foundation

Katherine Slick, President

Figure 6. ACHP Organizational Structure
(September 2017)





ADVISORY COUNCIL ON HISTORIC PRESERVATION

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